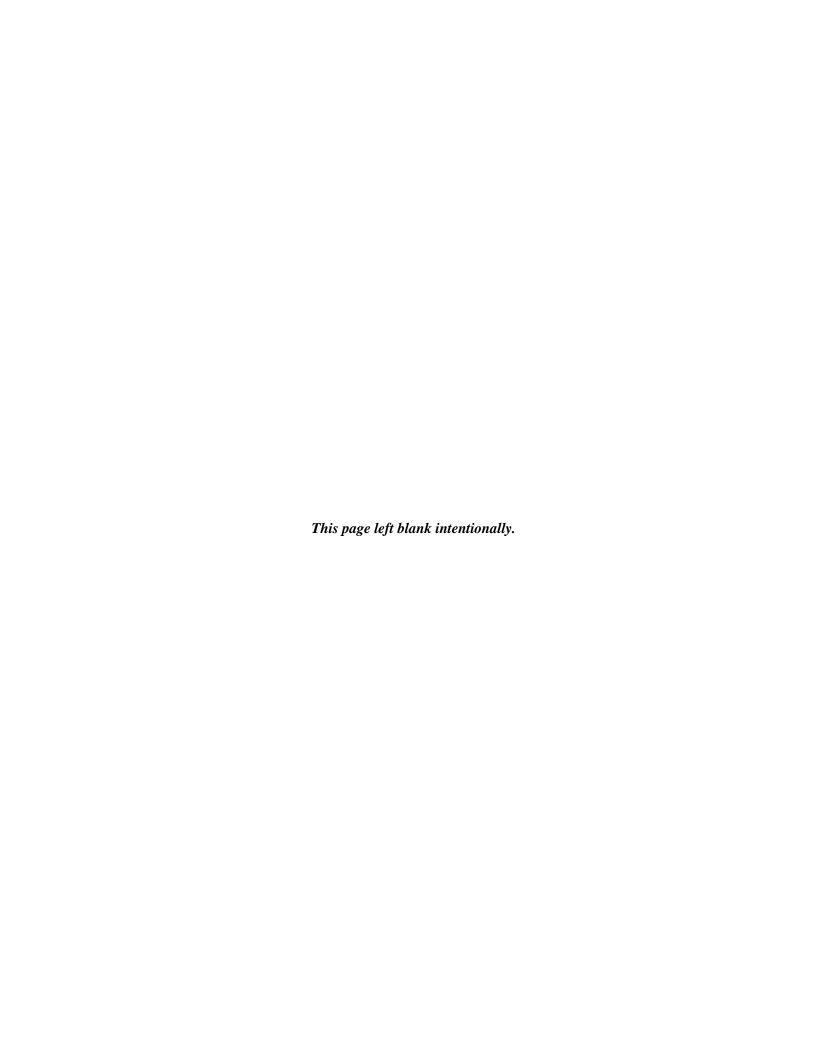
# SUNNYVALE SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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FINANCIAL SECTION





### Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Sunnyvale School District Sunnyvale, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sunnyvale School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies* 2013-2014, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sunnyvale School District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedule of other postemployment benefits funding progress, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sunnyvale School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

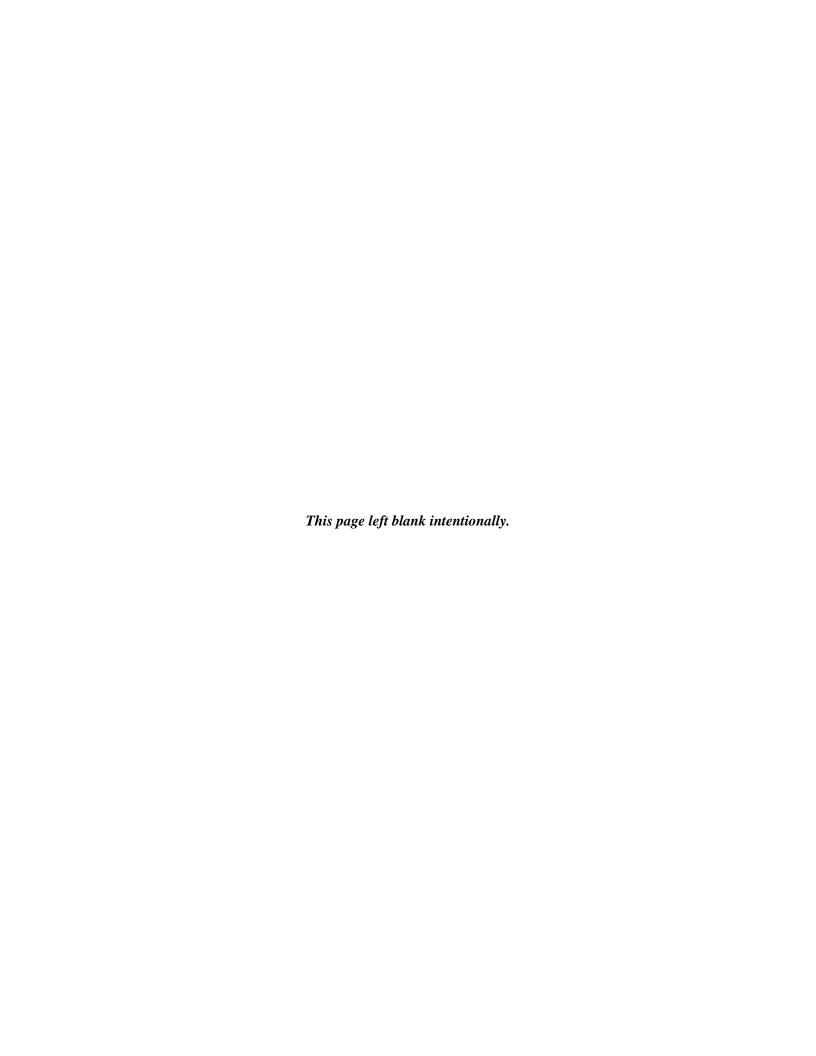
The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Varrinet, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2014, on our consideration of the Sunnyvale School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Sunnyvale School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Palo Alto, California December 1, 2014



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

This section of the Sunnyvale School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **The Financial Statements**

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Sunnyvale School District (the District) and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement Number 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to inter-fund activity, payables and receivables.

The *Governmental Activities* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The *Fund Financial Statements* present Governmental activities, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

The Fund Financial Statements provide a more detailed picture of the District's operations than government-wide statements.

The primary unit of the government is the Sunnyvale School District.

#### The Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools are important components in this evaluation.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are derived from the District's governmental activities.

Governmental Activities - All of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade eight students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, state income taxes, user fees, interest income, federal, state and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Fiduciary funds – These are used to account for funds held on behalf of others, like the funds managed for associated student body activities. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. Management excludes these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### **Net Position**

The District's net position was \$59,139,890 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, a 13 percent increase over the net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Of this amount, \$42,342,243 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Board's ability to use those net position for day-to-day operations. Management's analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and on the change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities:

Table 1

**Net Position** 

		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities	Percentage
	2012-2013			2013-2014	Change
Current and other assets	\$	35,377,327	\$	31,605,419	-10.7%
Capital assets		166,943,222		171,549,774	2.8%
Total Assets		202,320,549		203,155,193	0.4%
Deferred outflows of resources		-		554,700	100.0%
Current liabilities		5,896,144		6,977,851	18.3%
Long - term debt		144,105,400		137,592,152	-4.5%
Total Liabilities		150,001,544		144,570,003	-3.6%
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		35,775,810		42,342,243	18.4%
Restricted		6,185,957		5,838,273	-5.6%
Unrestricted		10,357,238		10,959,374	5.8%
Total Net Position	\$	52,319,005	\$	59,139,890	13.0%
		· · ·		<u> </u>	

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* in the audited financial statements. Table 2 takes the information from the statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so one can see total revenues for the year.

Table 2

**Changes in Net Position** 

	Governmen	ctivities	Percentage	
	2012-2013		2013-2014	Change
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 718,618	\$	751,280	4.5%
Operating grants and contributions	11,317,809		10,618,231	-6.2%
General revenues				
Federal and State unrestricted revenue sources	3,989,542		5,365,804	34.5%
Property taxes	50,263,078		54,222,364	7.9%
Other general revenues	8,094,158		8,458,447	4.5%
<b>Total Revenues</b>	74,383,205		79,416,126	6.8%
Expenses				
Instruction related	50,093,786		51,902,619	3.6%
Student support services	7,269,571		8,363,434	15.0%
Administration	4,120,796		5,116,182	24.2%
Maintenance and operations	5,033,535		5,743,722	14.1%
Other	7,098,766		6,938,205	-2.3%
Total Expenses	73,616,454	-	78,064,162	6.0%
Change in Net Position	\$ 766,751	\$	1,351,964	76.3%

Total revenues increased 6.8 percent over the previous fiscal period to \$79,416,126. Total expenditures increased 6.0 percent over the previous period to \$78,064,162.

#### **Governmental Activities**

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* in the financial statements, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$78.10 million. However, the amount that local taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$54.20 million because those who benefited from the programs paid the cost (\$0.8 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$10.6 million).

In Table 3, management has presented the cost of each of the District's operating functions. As well as each function's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows the reader to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits provided by that function.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

**Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities** 

( Dollar amounts in millions)	Tot	tal Cost	of S	ervices	Percentage	Ne	et Cost o	of Se	rvices	Percentage
		2013	2	2014	Change	2	2013	2	2014	Change
Instruction	\$	43.8	\$	44.9	2.5%	\$	36.7	\$	39.1	6.5%
Supervision of instruction		1.7		2.2	29.4%		1.1		0.8	-27.3%
Instructional library, media and technology		0.7		0.8	14.3%		0.7		0.7	0.0%
School administration		3.9		4.1	5.1%		3.7		4.0	8.1%
Pupil transportation		1.9		1.6	-15.8%		1.8		1.5	-16.7%
Food services		2.6		2.6	0.0%		0.2		0.2	0.0%
Other pupil services		2.8		4.2	50.0%		1.9		3.2	68.4%
Administration		4.1		5.1	24.4%		3.9		5.0	28.2%
Maintenance and operations		5.0		5.7	14.0%		5.0		5.8	16.0%
Other		7.1		6.9	-2.8%		6.6		6.4	-3.0%
Totals	\$	73.6	\$	78.1	6.1%	\$	61.6	\$	66.7	8.3%

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$26.7 million of which \$14.2 million was in the General Fund.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget to reflect changes in revenues and expenditures. Budget revisions were approved by the Board of Education on December 13, 2013, March 7, 2014, and June 20, 2014. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in audited financial statements). Revisions were necessary to reflect material revenue changes as outlined below:

- Local control funding formula revisions were made due to property tax roll revenue estimate updates provided by the Santa Clara County Controller-Treasurer Department throughout the year.
- Local revenue was adjusted to reflect grant funding and increases to lease income.
- Adjustments were made to State revenues to reflect funding adjustments to Categorical Programs and Special Education.

Revisions were necessary to reflect material expenditure changes as outlined below:

- Salary expenditures were adjusted to reflect step and column movements and negotiated salary increases.
- Adjustments were made to health, welfare, and statutory benefits to reflect personnel, premium, and rate changes during the year.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$171.5 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment.

Table 4

### **Capital Assets**

( Amounts in millions )		Percentage			
	201	12-2013	20	13-2014	Change
Land	\$	3.8	\$	3.8	0.0%
Building and improvements		193.3		199.6	3.3%
Equipment		3.4		3.9	14.7%
Sub total		200.5		207.3	3.4%
Accumulated depreciation		(33.6)		(35.8)	6.5%
Totals	\$	166.9	\$	171.5	2.8%

This year's additions of \$6.8 million, net of depreciation, included completion of Columbia Neighborhood Center renovation.

Several capital projects will be completed in the 2014-15 year. We present information that is more detailed about our capital assets in notes to the financial statements.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Long-Term Obligations**

The District had \$137.0 million in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding at the close of the year ended June 30, 2014 (see Table 5). This amount represents a net decrease of \$0.4 million from the prior year. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

<u>Table 5</u> **Long Term Obligations** 

( Amounts in millions )	 Governmen		Percentage	
	 12-2013		13-2014	Change
General Obligation Bond	\$ 105.1	\$	104.6	-0.5%
Capital Appreciation Bond	16.1		17.1	100.0%
Premium	3.0		2.8	-6.7%
Deferred Amount on Refunding	(0.6)		(0.6)	0.0%
Compensated Absences	0.2		0.3	50.0%
Net OPEB obligation	1.1		1.6	45.5%
Lease Revenue Bonds	 12.6		11.2	-11.1%
Totals	\$ 137.5	\$	137.0	-0.4%

### DISCUSSION OF FISCAL YEAR 2013-2014 AND OUTLOOK FOR 2014-2015 AND BEYOND:

The Sunnyvale School District serves more than 6,800 students in grades preschool through eighth grade and is located in northwestern Santa Clara County adjacent to the cities of Santa Clara, Mountain View, and Cupertino in the heart of Silicon Valley. About two-thirds of the K-8 students who live in the City of Sunnyvale are within the boundaries of the Sunnyvale School District. The District's share of the revenue generated by local property taxes during FY 2013-2014 has exceeded the State Revenue Limit guarantees; therefore, the District continued as a basic aid district. As such, general fund revenue does not increase with enrollment increases.

Although Sunnyvale School District is funded as a basic aid district, the community it serves does not fit the image of the typical basic aid school district. The District's ten schools serve students from widely diverse ethnic and socio-economic backgrounds. The District emphasizes support for students from disadvantaged backgrounds and provides curricula that are accessible to all students regardless of language, ethnicity, or socio-economic background. The District's ethnic breakdown is 36% Hispanic, 21% white, 25% Asian, 7% Filipino, and 11% other.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

The District's mission statement is to prepare all of our students with a strong foundation of skills and knowledge to succeed in their educational pursuits. To achieve this goal the District maintains and pursues expectations for a high quality comprehensive preschool through eighth grade program. The District uses the framework of the Seven Correlates of Effective Schools as a basis for decision-making and they serve as our guiding principles. The seven Correlates are:

Frequent monitoring of student progress
Safe and orderly environment
Opportunity to learn and student time on task
Climate of high expectations
Strong instructional leadership
Clear and focused mission
Positive home – school relations

As a result, the District strives to meet programmatic goals that will allow for reasonable class sizes, staff training and support, counseling, preschools, libraries, medical assistance, before and after school programs, visual and performing arts, physical education, sports, and summer schools. The District's ongoing commitment to maintaining a balanced investment in programs for students, competitive salaries and benefits for those who serve students, and meeting the operational needs of the District is even stronger with the improved current economic environment.

The District is committed to continuing to provide a comprehensive instructional program while focusing services on the students and communities most in need of support. The 2014-2015 school year is full of promise. Funding for public schools has stabilized and the funding model itself has changed to focus financial support on the students with the greatest needs. The District has adopted the new national Common Core State Educational Standards that provides a deeper learning experience and develops critical thinking skills in our students. The One-to-One: Technology to Support Learning, a three year plan to ensure access to all students in the new ways of receiving educational content, has entered its second year. The new Bond Measure G allows the District to support school facilities and instructional technology. Management is committed to manage spending in a fiscally responsible manner to maintain the financial strength of the school district.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Nella Kovner, CFO / Director of Fiscal Services at Sunnyvale School District, 819 W. Iowa Avenue, Sunnyvale, California, 94086, or e-mail at nella.kovner@sesd.org.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental
Assets	Activities
Deposits and investments	\$ 28,301,441
Receivables	3,160,781
Stores inventories	143,197
Capital assets, not depreciated	112,555,243
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	58,994,531
Total Assets	203,155,193
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred amount on refunding	554,700
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	554,700
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	4,522,288
Interest payable	2,080,284
Unearned revenue	375,279
Current portion of long-term obligations	2,018,287
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	135,573,865
Total Liabilities	144,570,003
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	42,342,243
Restricted	12,3 12,2 13
Debt service	2,969,101
Capital projects	1,347,722
Child nutrition services	164,374
Restricted for educational programs	1,357,076
Unrestricted  Unrestricted	10,959,374
Total Net Position	\$ 59,139,890
A OMI A TOU A OSIMON	Ψ 37,137,070

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

								t (Expenses)
								evenues and anges In Net
				Program	Rev	eniies		let Position
			C	narges for		Operating		cet I osition
				rvices and		Frants and	G	overnmental
<b>Functions/Programs</b>		Expenses		Sales	Co	ontributions		Activities
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>								
Instruction	\$	44,854,751	\$	23,687	\$	5,731,512	\$	(39,099,552)
Instruction related activities:								
Supervision of instruction		2,180,444		2,826		1,410,344		(767,274)
Instructional library, media								
and technology		767,271		_		24,346		(742,925)
School site administration		4,100,153		2,531		85,798		(4,011,824)
Pupil services:								
Home-to-school transportation		1,551,277		8,450		-		(1,542,827)
Food services		2,565,724		640,462		1,678,455		(246,807)
All other pupil services		4,246,433		-		1,011,492		(3,234,941)
General administration:								
Data processing		802,479		-		-		(802,479)
All other general administration		4,313,703		33,775		120,473		(4,159,455)
Plant services		5,743,722		-		-		(5,743,722)
Interest on long-term obligations		6,548,187		-		-		(6,548,187)
Other outgo		390,018		39,549		555,811		205,342
<b>Total Governmental-type Activities</b>	\$	78,064,162	\$	751,280	\$	10,618,231	-	(66,694,651)
General revenues and subvention							_'	
Property taxes, levied for general purpo	oses							45,248,622
Property taxes, levied for debt service								7,925,638
Taxes levied for other specific purpose								1,048,104
Federal and State aid not restricted to s	spec	ific purposes						5,365,804
Interest and investment earnings								99,946
Miscellaneous								8,358,501
Subtotal, General Revenues								68,046,615
Change in Net Position								1,351,964
Net Position - Beginning, as restated								57,787,926
Net Position - Ending							\$	59,139,890

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

	General Fund	Building Fund		nd Interest Redemption Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets	_			·			
Deposits and investments	\$ 13,052,738	\$ 8,433,287	\$	5,047,252	\$ 1,768,164	\$	28,301,441
Receivables	3,027,650	8,036		2,133	122,962		3,160,781
Due from other funds	321,939	-		-	-		321,939
Stores inventories	69,057	-			74,140		143,197
Total Assets	\$ 16,471,384	\$ 8,441,323	\$	5,049,385	\$ 1,965,266	\$	31,927,358
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 1,922,474	\$ 2,492,195	\$	-	\$ 107,619	\$	4,522,288
Due to other funds	-	202		-	321,737		321,939
Unearned revenue	375,279	-		-	-		375,279
Total Liabilities	2,297,753	2,492,397	1		429,356		5,219,506
Fund Balances			'				
Nonspendable Restricted for	95,057	-		-	74,440		169,497
Educational programs	1,357,076	_		-	1,347,722		2,704,798
Child Nutrition program	-	_		-	89,934		89,934
Capital projects	-	5,948,926		-	-		5,948,926
Debt service	_	-		5,049,385	-		5,049,385
Assigned	-	_		-	23,814		23,814
Unassigned	12,721,498	_		-	-		12,721,498
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	14,173,631	5,948,926		5,049,385	1,535,910		26,707,852
Total Liabilities and							
Fund Balances	\$ 16,471,384	\$ 8,441,323	\$	5,049,385	\$ 1,965,266	\$	31,927,358

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
<b>Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds</b>		\$ 26,707,852
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.  The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 207,333,702 (35,783,928)	171,549,774
Interest accrual is not recognized in the governmental funds but is reported as a liability on the Statement of Net Position.		(2,080,284)
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding is recognized as deferred outflow on the Statement of Net Position. The deferred amount is recognized as expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of		554,700
Long-term obligations at year end consist of: General obligation bonds and related premiums Lease revenue bonds Net OPEB obligation Compensated absences (vacations)	124,460,171 11,250,986 1,589,115 291,880	(137,592,152)
<b>Total Net Position - Governmental Activities</b>		\$ 59,139,890

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Building	Bond Interest and Redemption		
	<b>Fund</b>	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES	*				<b></b>
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 49,488,217	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,488,217
Federal sources	2,301,975	-	-	1,738,576	4,040,551
Other state sources	5,304,261	-	27,882	414,111	5,746,254
Other local sources	10,009,534	47,506	7,906,534	2,177,530	20,141,104
Total Revenues	67,103,987	47,506	7,934,416	4,330,217	79,416,126
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	43,147,110	-	-	302,936	43,450,046
Instruction related activities:					
Supervision of instruction	2,074,154	-	-	36,136	2,110,290
Instructional library, media					
& technology	742,585	-	-	-	742,585
School site administration	3,853,316	-	-	32,366	3,885,682
Pupil services:					
Home-to school					
transportation	1,501,366	-	-	-	1,501,366
Food services	-	-	-	2,565,724	2,565,724
All other pupil services	4,109,807	-	-	-	4,109,807
General administration:					
Data processing	776,660	-	-	-	776,660
All other general					
administration	3,531,982	-	=	135,353	3,667,335
Plant services	5,148,826	110,940	=	235,210	5,494,976
Facility acquisition and					
construction	-	5,579,766	-	1,313,139	6,892,905
Other outgo	390,018	-	-	-	390,018
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	1,886,613	-	1,886,613
Interest and other			5,693,983	-	5,693,983
Total Expenditures	65,275,824	5,690,706	7,580,596	4,620,864	83,167,990
Revenues Over (Under)	1 000 1 50	(# 54 <b>3 3</b> 00)	252.020	(200 - 15)	(2 = = 1 0 = 1)
Expenditures	1,828,163	(5,643,200)	353,820	(290,647)	(3,751,864)
Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	50,616	50,616
Transfers out	(50,616)				(50,616)
Net Financing Sources (Uses) NET CHANGE IN	(50,616)		-	50,616	
FUND BALANCES	1,777,547	(5,643,200)	353,820	(240,031)	(3,751,864)
Fund Balance - Beginning	12,396,084	11,592,126	4,695,565	1,775,941	30,459,716
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 14,173,631	\$ 5,948,926	\$ 5,049,385	\$ 1,535,910	\$ 26,707,852
0					

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

<b>Net Change in Fund Balances - Go</b>	overnmental Funds
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\$ (3,751,864)

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period.

Capital outlays	\$ 6,826,834	
Depreciation expense	(2,220,282)	4,606,552

In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation paid was less than the amounts earned.

(10,682)

Bond premiums and deferred amount on refunding are not recorded on the governmental Balance Sheet, but are deferred on the Statement of Net Position, and amortized over the life of the bonds.

83,752

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

550,000

Repayment of lease revenue bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

1,336,613

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because accreted interest does not require the use of current financial resources, and thus is not recorded in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, however, accreted interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

(934,685)

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is paid, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is paid.

(3,271)

In the Statement of Activities, the unfunded annual contribution (ARC) is recognized as an expense, but is not recognized on the governmental funds.

(524,451)

**Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

\$ 1,351,964

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents  Total assets	\$ 176,503 \$ 176,503
LIABILITIES  Due to student groups  Total liabilities	\$ 176,503 \$ 176,503

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The Sunnyvale School District was organized in 1904 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades kindergarten through eighth as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates eight elementary, and two middle schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Sunnyvale School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

### **Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting**

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and fiduciary.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's governmental funds:

### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects is currently defined as a special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manuel (CSAM) that does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition; not being substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While this fund is authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, this fund functions effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements. As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in assets, liabilities, fund balance, and revenues of \$8,773,234, \$8,773,234, and \$30,282, respectively.

**Building Fund** The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

**Debt Service Funds** The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds** The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

**Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

**Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

**Deferred Maintenance Fund** The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for State apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Sections 17582-17587) and for items of maintenance approved by the State Allocation Board.

**Capital Project Funds** The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), or the 2006 State Schools Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070 et seq.).

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

**Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB).

### **Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus**

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

**Fund Financial Statements** Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

**Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 45 or 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

**Unearned Revenue** Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as deferred inflow of resources.

**Expenses/Expenditures** On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on general long-term obligations, which have not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's deposits and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments with the County Treasury.

### **Investments**

Investments held at June 30, 2014, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. Fair values of investments in county pools are determined by the program sponsor.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Prepaid Expenditures**

Prepaid expenditures (expenses) represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures over the benefiting period.

#### **Stores Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption and unused donated commodities. Inventories are stated at cost, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when used.

### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, and capitalized in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the Statement of Net Position.

### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave if applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

### **Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Debt issuance costs are expensed except for debt insurance.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2014, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

**Committed** – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

**Assigned** – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board may assign amounts for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** – all other spendable amounts.

### **Spending Order Policy**

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

### **Minimum Fund Balance Policy**

In fiscal year 2010-11, the governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires the District to maintain a minimum fund balance of 10% of the District's General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. If a fund balance drops below 3%, it shall be recovered at a rate of 1% minimally each year.

### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net of investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any net borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### **Budgetary Data**

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California *Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

### **Property Tax**

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Santa Clara bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### **Change in Accounting Principles**

As the result of implementing GASB Statement No. 65, the District has restated the beginning net position in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, effectively decreasing net position as of July 1, 2013, by \$1,098,480. Statement 65 requires derecognition of debt cost of issuance as an asset and therefore prior year amounts were restated and taken out of the Statement of Net Position.

### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. Statement 68 requires recognition of a net pension liability on the District's financial statements related to the District's unfunded pension liability for CalPERS and CalSTRS.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

### **Summary of Deposits and Investments**

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2014, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	\$ 28,301,441
Fiduciary fund	176,503
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 28,477,944
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2014, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 381,334
Revolving cash	26,300
U.S. Treasuries	498,352
Investment in county pool	27,571,958
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 28,477,944

#### **Policies and Practices**

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

### **Investment in County Treasury**

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the amortized cost basis provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### **General Authorizations**

The District's policy is to follow the requirements stipulated by the California government code related to investments. Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment	
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer	
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None	
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None	
U.S Agency Securities	5 years	None	None	
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%	
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None	
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None	
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None	
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None	
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%	
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%	
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None	
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None	
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None	
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None	

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rate. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by depositing substantially all of its funds in the County Treasury pool. The fair value of the deposits with the County Treasurer at June 30, 2014, was \$27,602,921 and the weighted average maturity of the pool less than one year.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measure by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investments in the county pool are not rated, as of June 30, 2014. U.S. Treasuries are exempt from this disclosure.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. The District believes it has no significant custodial credit risk.

### **NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2014, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

				Bond			
			In	terest and	N	Vonmajor	
	General	Building	Re	edemption		Funds	Total
Federal Government	_	_					 _
Categorical aid	\$ 641,580	\$ -	\$	-	\$	74,103	\$ 715,683
State Government							
Principal apportionment	693,347	-		-		-	693,347
Categorical aid	1,159,120	-		-		47,864	1,206,984
Lottery	505,033	-		-		-	505,033
Local Government							
Interest	16,713	8,036		2,133		995	27,877
Other Local Sources	11,857	 _				-	11,857
Total	\$ 3,027,650	\$ 8,036	\$	2,133	\$	122,962	\$ 3,160,781

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

## **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2014
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,814,433	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,814,433
Construction in progress				
Land improvements	28,889,264	1,016,280	-	29,905,544
Buildings	77,616,218	5,292,969	4,073,921	78,835,266
Total Capital Assets Not Being	,			
Depreciated	110,319,915	6,309,249	4,073,921	112,555,243
Comital Assats Bains Dannasistad				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	C 222 280	7 400		C 220 977
Land improvements	6,232,389	7,488	-	6,239,877
Buildings	80,554,385	4,073,921	-	84,628,306
Vehicles	736,493	-	-	736,493
Furniture and equipment	2,663,686	510,097		3,173,783
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	90,186,953	4,591,506		94,778,459
Total Capital Assets	200,506,868	10,900,755	4,073,921	207,333,702
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	1,964,139	254,546	_	2,218,685
Buildings	29,348,071	1,724,771	_	31,072,842
Vehicles	649,860	23,631	_	673,491
Furniture and equipment	1,601,576	217,334	_	1,818,910
Total Accumulated Depreciation	33,563,646	2,220,282		35,783,928
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 166,943,222	\$ 8,680,473	\$ 4,073,921	\$ 171,549,774
Co. Cimilation Floor, 1100	Ψ 100,773,222	Ψ 0,000,773	Ψ 7,073,721	Ψ 1/1,572,7/4

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions in the statement of activities as follows:

## **Governmental Activities**

Instruction	\$ 1,394,023
Supervision of instruction	70,154
Instructional library, media, and technology	24,686
School site administration	129,176
Home-to-school transportation	49,911
Food services	85,295
All other pupil services	136,626
All other general administration	121,917
Data processing	25,819
Plant services	182,675
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,220,282

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

### Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2014, between major and nonmajor governmental funds are as follows:

		Due To
	Ger	neral Fund
Building Fund	\$	202
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		321,737
Total	\$	321,939

All balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transaction are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

### **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Tr	ansfer In
	N	onmajor
	Gov	ernmental
Transfer Out		Funds
General Fund	\$	50,616
The General Fund transferred to the Child Development Fund to support the child development program.	\$	50,616

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

					N	Nonmajor		Total	
		General		Building	Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental	
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
Vendor payables	\$	1,461,572	\$	2,492,152	\$	105,210	\$	4,058,934	
State principal									
apportionment		33,049		-		-		33,049	
Salaries and benefits		427,853		43		2,409		430,305	
Total Accounts Payable	\$	1,922,474	\$	2,492,195	\$	107,619	\$	4,522,288	

### **NOTE 7 - UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2014, consists of the following:

	(	General
		Fund
Federal Financial Assistance	\$	30,536
Other Local		344,743
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	375,279

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

### **Summary**

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance	Accreted/		Balance	Due in
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2014	One Year
General obligation bonds					
Current interest bonds	\$ 105,115,000	\$ -	\$ 550,000	\$104,565,000	\$ 575,000
Capital appreciation bonds	16,136,805	934,685	-	17,071,490	-
Premium	2,970,707	-	147,026	2,823,681	147,026
Compensated absences	281,198	10,682	-	291,880	-
Net OPEB obligation	1,064,664	941,634	417,183	1,589,115	-
Lease revenue bonds	12,587,599		1,336,613	11,250,986	1,296,261
	\$ 138,155,973	\$ 1,887,001	\$ 2,450,822	\$137,592,152	\$ 2,018,287
	Balance			Balance	
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2014	
Deferred amount on refunding	\$ (617,974)	\$ -	\$ (63,274)	\$ (554,700)	

Payments on the general obligation bonds and lease revenue bonds are made by the bond interest and redemption fund which has a separate revenue source dedicated to the repayment of the bonds. The accrued vacation and OPEB obligations are paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

### **Bonded Debt**

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

				Bonds			Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding	Issued /	Defeased/	Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 1, 2013	Accreted	Redeemed	June 30, 2014
General Obligation B	onds		_				
2004A	9/1/29	3.00-6.00%	\$ 35,000,000	\$ 32,380,000	\$ -	\$ 45,000	\$ 32,335,000
2007B	9/1/31	4.00-4.50%	30,000,000	28,360,000	_	45,000	28,315,000
2010C	9/1/34	4.25-4.50%	35,000,000	35,000,000	_	-	35,000,000
2012 Refunding	9/1/20	3.00-5.00%	4,925,000	4,375,000	_	460,000	3,915,000
2012D	9/1/42	4.00%	5,000,000	5,000,000		_	5,000,000
Subtotal				105,115,000	_	550,000	104,565,000
Capital Appreciation	Bonds						
2012D	9/1/42	3.00-11.00%	14,767,843	16,136,805	934,685		17,071,490
				\$121,251,805	\$ 934,685	\$ 550,000	\$121,636,490

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

The bonds mature through 2043 as follows:

		Interest to	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total
2015	\$ 575,000	\$ 4,998,532	\$ 5,573,532
2016	895,000	4,971,626	5,866,626
2017	1,265,000	4,928,470	6,193,470
2018	1,685,000	4,869,470	6,554,470
2019	2,155,000	4,789,845	6,944,845
2020-2024	18,005,000	21,848,823	39,853,823
2025-2029	27,580,000	16,415,766	43,995,766
2030-2034	38,405,000	8,303,625	46,708,625
2035-2039	17,652,102	22,060,652	39,712,754
2040-2043	11,346,560	33,094,435	44,440,995
Subtotal	119,563,662	\$126,281,244	\$245,844,906
Accretion to date	2,072,828		
Subtotal	121,636,490		
Unamortized premium	2,823,681		
Net general obligation bonds	\$124,460,171		

### **Lease Revenue Bonds**

On November 1, 2005, the District issued \$22,660,000 of lease revenue bonds. Interest rates range from 3.0 percent to 4.5 percent. At June 30, 2014, the principal outstanding balance was \$11,250,986. The bonds were issued to pay off capital leases and general obligation bonds. The bonds mature through 2024 as follows:

June 30,         Principal         Interest         Total           2015         \$ 1,296,261         \$ 752,645         \$ 2,048,90           2016         1,263,153         838,091         2,101,24           2017         1,229,472         922,972         2,152,44           2018         1,198,969         1,010,074         2,209,04	r Ending	Year End
2016       1,263,153       838,091       2,101,24         2017       1,229,472       922,972       2,152,44	 ine 30,	June 3
2017 1,229,472 922,972 2,152,44	\$ 2015	2015
	2016	2016
2018 1,198,969 1,010,074 2,209,04	2017	2017
	2018	2018
2019 1,166,269 1,095,050 2,261,31	2019	2019
2020-2024 5,096,862 6,247,197 11,344,05	20-2024	2020-20
\$ 11,250,986 \$ 10,866,029 \$ 22,117,01	\$	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Accumulated Unpaid Employee Vacation**

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2014, amounted to \$291,880.

### Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation

The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2014, was \$960,276, and contributions made by the District during the year were \$417,183. Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the annual required contribution were \$41,821 and (\$60,463), respectively, which resulted in an increase to the net OPEB obligation of \$524,451. As of June 30, 2014, the net OPEB obligation was \$1,589,115. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefits plan.

### **NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances with reservations/designations are composed of the following elements:

	Genera Fund	ıl	Е	Building Fund	Bond Intand Reder	nption	Jonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Nonspendable									
Revolving cash	\$ 26,	000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 300	\$	26,300
Stores inventories	69,	057		-		-	74,140		143,197
Total Nonspendable	95,	057		-	_		74,440		169,497
Restricted									
Educational programs	1,357,	076		_		-	1,347,722		2,704,798
Child Nutrition program		-		_		-	89,934		89,934
Capital projects		-		5,948,926		-	-		5,948,926
Debt services		-		-	5,049	,385	-		5,049,385
Total Restricted	1,357,	076		5,948,926	5,049	,385	1,437,656	1	3,793,043
Assigned									
Deferred maintenance				-			23,814		23,814
Unassigned									
Reserve for economic									
uncertainties	8,773,	234		_		-	-		8,773,234
Remaining unassigned	3,948,	264		-		-	-		3,948,264
Total Unassigned	12,721,	498		-		_	-	1	2,721,498
Total Fund Balance	\$ 14,173,	631	\$	5,948,926	\$ 5,049	,385	\$ 1,535,910	\$ 2	26,707,852

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE 10 - LEASE REVENUES**

Lease agreements have been entered into with various lessees for terms that exceed one year. None of the agreements contains purchase options. All of the agreements contain a termination clause providing for cancellation after a specified number of days written notice to lessees, but is unlikely that the District will cancel any of the agreements prior to their expiration date. The future minimum lease payments expected to be received under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease
June 30,	Revenue
2015	\$ 4,580,879
2016	4,125,943
2017	4,211,540
2018	4,299,113
2019	4,388,708
2020-2024	8,501,914
2025-2029	6,080,810
2030-2034	1,327,772
Total	\$ 37,516,679

## NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

### **Plan Description**

The Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Sunnyvale School District. The Plan provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses until the age of 65. Membership of the Plan consists of 49 retirees and 628 active plan members as of the most recent actuarial valuation. Unfunded portion of annual required contributions (net OPEB obligation) is presented in the Statement of Net Position as a portion of long-term obligations.

### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the District's bargaining units and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually through the agreements between the District, the District's bargaining units and the unrepresented groups. For fiscal year 2013-14, the District contributed \$417,183 to the plan, all of which was used for current premiums (approximately 44 percent of current year's annual OPEB costs). The District contributed 100% of the total premium on behalf of the members and 70% for the dependents of the plan members receiving benefits.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Asset/Obligation**

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB asset/obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 960,276
Interest on net OPEB asset/obligation	41,821
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(60,463)
Annual OPEB costs	941,634
Contributions made	(417,183)
Increase in net OPEB asset/obligation	524,451
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	1,064,664
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 1,589,115

### **Trend Information**

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB asset/obligation is as follows:

Year Ended	Annual OPEB		Annual OPEB Actual		Percentage	1	Net OPEB		
June 30,		Costs		Costs Contribution		ontribution	Contributed	Asse	et/Obligation
 2014	\$	941,634	\$	417,183	44%	\$	1,589,115		
2013		835,018		586,757	70%		1,064,664		
2012		840,638		467,275	56%		816,403		

### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear tread information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan has not been funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,997,758, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an UAAL of \$7,997,758. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$41,424,776 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 19.31 percent.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a five percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), based on the District's assumed long-term return on plan assets or employer assets. Healthcare costs trend rates range from an initial eight percent to an ultimate rate of five percent. The UAAL is being amortized at a level percentage of payroll method. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2013, was 30 years on an open period method.

### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; life and health of employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for property damage with coverage up to a maximum of \$500 million, subject to various policy sublimits generally ranging from \$25 thousand to \$75 million and deductibles of \$5,000 for electronic data processing coverage and \$100,000 per occurrence for all other claims. Claims in the past three years did not exceed the coverage limit.

### **Property and Liability**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the District contracted with Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Workers' Compensation**

For fiscal year 2014, the District participated in the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the ASCIP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the ASCIP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the ASCIP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the ASCIP. Participation in the ASCIP is limited to districts that can meet the ASCIP selection criteria.

Insurance coverage for property and liability and workers' compensation are as follows:

Company Name	Type of Coverage	Limits
Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group	Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,000,000
ASCIP JPA	General Liability	5,000,000
ASCIP JPA	Property	500,000,000

#### NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

### **CalSTRS**

### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. As a result of the Public Employee Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), changes have been made to the defined benefit pension plan effective January 1, 2013. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 100 Waterfront Place, West Sacramento, CA 95605.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### **Funding Policy**

Due to the implementation of the Public Employee Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), new members must pay at least 50 percent of the normal costs of the plan, which can fluctuate from year to year. For 2013-14, the required contribution rate for new members is 8.0 percent. "Classic" plan members are also required to contribute 8.0 percent of their salary. The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2013-2014 was 8.25 percent of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were \$2,418,455, \$2,539,801, and \$2,230,757, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

#### **CalPERS**

### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. As a result of the Public Employee Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), changes have been made to the defined benefit pension plan effective January 1, 2013. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

### **Funding Policy**

As a result of the implementation of the Public Employee Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), new members must pay at least 50 percent of the normal costs of the plan, which can fluctuate from year to year. For 2013-14, active plan members are required to contribute 7.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2013-2014, 2012-2013 and 2011-2012 were 11.442, 11.417, and 10.707 percent of covered payroll, respectively. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were \$1,273,099, \$1,169,818, and \$1,096,057, respectively, and equals 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

### **Social Security**

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 in the amount of \$1,516,997, \$1,442,507, and \$1,328,913, respectively, which equaled 5.541 percent for 2013-14, 5.176 percent for 2012-13 and 4.855 percent for 2011-12 annual payroll. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budget amounts reported in the General Fund Budgetary Schedule.

### **NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

### Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2014.

### **Construction Commitments**

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

	Remaining	Expected
	Construction	Date of
	Commitment	Completion
Cumberland Infrastructure Project	\$ 253,145	December, 2014
San Miguel Infastructure Project	1,108,529	December, 2014
Lakewood Infastructure Project	17,072,700_	September, 2015
Total outstanding construction commitments	\$ 18,434,374	

## NOTE 15 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWER AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group public entity risk pool and the Silicon Valley Transportation Authority (JPA). The District pays an annual premium to Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. Payments for transportation services are paid to the Silicon Valley Transportation Authority JPA. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPA's are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District has appointed one board member to the governing board of Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group and one board member to the Governing Board of Silicon Valley Transportation Authority.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District made payments of \$347,243 to the Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group and \$1,108,975 to the Silicon Valley Transportation Authority.

### NOTE 16 - RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, in the current year, which required derecognition of debt related cost of issuance in the amount of \$1,098,480. In addition, the beginning balance of the lease revenue bond liability was restated to reflect the proper amount due on behalf of these bonds to Alameda Financing Authority. As a result, the effect on the current fiscal year is as follows:

Net Position - Beginning	\$ 52,319,005
Restatement/cost of issuance	(1,098,480)
Restatement/lease revenue bond	6,567,401
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	\$ 57,787,926

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final
	Original	Final	Actual 1	to Actual
REVENUES				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 45,568,259	\$ 49,082,932	\$ 49,488,217	\$ 405,285
Federal sources	2,477,571	2,347,105	2,301,975	(45,130)
Other state sources	4,942,254	3,565,529	3,787,264	221,735
Other local sources	9,853,680	9,920,335	9,979,252	58,917
Total Revenues <sup>1</sup>	62,841,764	64,915,901	65,556,708	640,807
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Certificated salaries	29,750,163	29,526,433	29,677,226	(150,793)
Classified salaries	10,192,134	10,376,925	10,363,941	12,984
Employee benefits	12,330,454	12,308,025	12,237,104	70,921
Books and supplies	2,047,450	2,215,371	2,544,025	(328,654)
Services and operating expenditures	8,224,210	8,982,741	8,359,178	623,563
Other outgo	71,345	208,610	390,018	(181,408)
Capital outlay		7,050	187,335	(180,285)
Total Expenditures <sup>1</sup>	62,615,756	63,625,155	63,758,827	(133,672)
<b>Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	226,008	1,290,746	1,797,881	507,135
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Transfers in	25,000	25,000	-	(25,000)
Transfers out	(68,750)	(105,792)	(50,616)	55,176
<b>Net Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	(43,750)	(80,792)	(50,616)	30,176
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	182,258	1,209,954	1,747,265	537,311
Fund Balance - Beginning, Non-GAAP	3,653,132	3,653,132	3,653,132	
Fund Balance - Ending, Non-GAAP	\$ 3,835,390	\$ 4,863,086	5,400,397	\$ 537,311
Special Reserve Fund			8,773,234	
Fund Balance - Ending, GAAP			\$ 14,173,631	

On behalf payments of \$1,516,997 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures. In addition, the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay has been excluded from the revenues and expenditures.

# SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit Credit(b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ([b - a]/c)
July 1, 2013	\$ -	\$ 7,997,758	\$ 7,997,758	0%	\$41,424,776	19.31%
July 2, 2011	-	6,693,047	6,693,047	0%	38,884,465	17.21%
July 1, 2009	-	7,741,116	7,741,116	0%	38,474,621	20.12%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Grant	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A - Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 638,476
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	149,570
Title III - Limited English Proficient Student Program	84.365	14346	219,902
Special Education Cluster			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611	84.027	13379	975,895
Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	2,085
Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619	84.173	13430	66,049
Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec 619	84.027A	13682	183,238
Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	548
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,235,763
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through California Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster			
Basic School Breakfast	10.553	13390	60,183
Especially Needy School Breakfast	10.553	13526	357,325
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	1,163,652
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.555	13391	77,895
Child and Adult Care food Program	10.558	13666	157,416
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,816,471
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through California Department of Health Care Services: Medi-Cal Billing	93.778	10013	66,212
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	,		\$ 4,118,446

# LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2014

### **ORGANIZATION**

The Sunnyvale School District was established 1904 and consists of an area comprising approximately ten square miles. The District operates eight elementary schools and two middle schools. There were no boundary changes during the year.

### **GOVERNING BOARD**

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Reid Myers	President	2016
Jeffrey Arnett	Vice President	2014
Nancy Newkirk	Clerk	2016
Anita Herrman	Member	2014
Sandy Agbayani	Member	2014

### **ADMINISTRATION**

NAME	TITL	Ε

Benjamin H. Picard, Ed. D Superintendent

Tasha Dean, Ph.D Director, Special Education/Pupil Personnel

Michael Gallagher Deputy Superintendent of Human Resources

Nella Kovner Chief Financial Officer

Director of Fiscal Services

Rob Smiley Chief Operating Officer

Director of Facility Modernization and Construction

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

# SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Final Report		
	Second Period Report	Annual Report	
Regular ADA		•	
Transitional kindergarten through third	3,349.25	3,413.29	
Fourth through sixth	2,066.06	2,091.33	
Seventh and eighth	1,220.58	1,185.14	
Total Regular ADA	6,635.89	6,689.76	
Extended Year Special Education			
Transitional kindergarten through third	8.75	5.78	
Fourth through sixth	-	2.67	
Seventh and eighth	-	0.30	
Total Extended Year Special Education	8.75	8.75	
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools			
Transitional kindergarten through third	1.97	2.03	
Fourth through sixth	0.35	0.50	
Seventh and eighth	3.13	3.17	
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian			
Schools	5.45	5.70	
Total ADA	6,650.09	6,704.21	

# SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Reduced			
	1986-87	1986-87	2013-14	Number of Days	
	Minutes	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	
Grade Level	Requirement	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	35,000	51,970	180	In compliance
Grade 1	50,400	49,000	51,690	180	In compliance
Grade 2	50,400	49,000	51,690	180	In compliance
Grade 3	50,400	49,000	51,690	180	In compliance
Grade 4	54,000	52,500	55,365	180	In compliance
Grade 5	54,000	52,500	55,365	180	In compliance
Grade 6	54,000	52,500	61,436	180	In compliance
Grade 7	54,000	52,500	61,436	180	In compliance
Grade 8	54,000	52,500	61,471	180	In compliance

# RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

There are no reconciling items between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements.

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

# SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	2015 1	2014	2013	2012
GENERAL FUND		•		
Revenues	\$ 66,712,159	\$ 65,556,708	\$ 61,170,697	\$ 57,503,732
Total Revenues and Other Sources	66,712,159	65,556,708	61,170,697	57,503,732
Expenditures	66,599,947	63,758,827	59,845,688	58,096,586
Other uses and transfers out		50,616	6,148	64,771
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	66,599,947	63,809,443	59,851,836	58,161,357
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 112,212	\$ 1,747,265	\$ 1,318,861	\$ (657,625)
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 5,512,609	\$ 5,400,397	\$ 3,653,132	\$ 2,334,271
AVAILABLE RESERVES <sup>2</sup>	\$ 13,595,422	\$ 12,721,498	\$ 11,543,797	\$ 10,254,409
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO <sup>3</sup>	20.41%	19.94%	19.29%	17.63%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	\$ 135,573,865	\$ 137,592,152	\$ 144,105,400	\$ 144,705,506
AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AT P-2	6,687	6,650	6,526	6,421

The General Fund balance has increased by \$3,066,126 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2014-15 budget projects an increase of \$112,212. For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3 percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

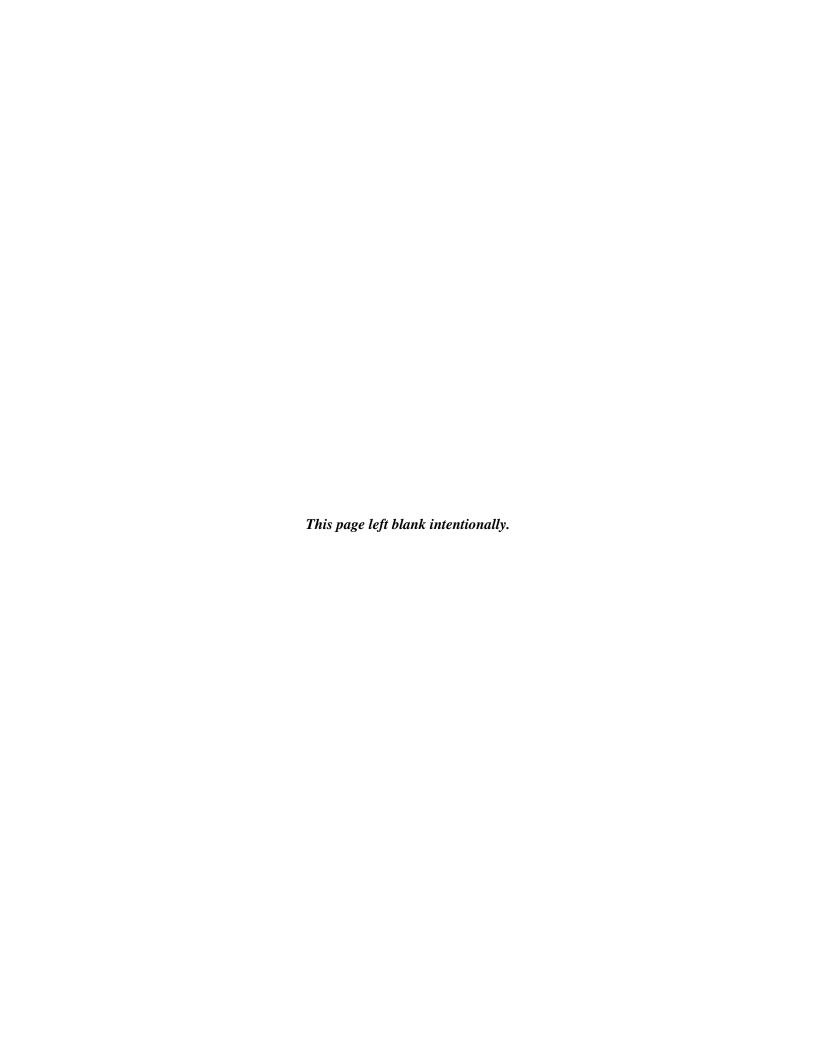
The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years, and anticipates continuing an operating surplus during the 2014-15 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$7,113,354 over the prior two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 229 over the preceding two years. An increase of 37 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2014-15.

Budget 2015 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> On-behalf payments of \$1,516,997, \$1,442,507, and \$1,328,913, are excluded from actual revenue and expenditures amounts.



# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

	Dev	Child elopment Fund	Cafeteria Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund	
Assets Deposits and investments	\$	(11,499)	\$	355,870	\$	37,028
Receivables	Ψ	47,883	Ψ	74,221	Ψ	36
Stores inventories		-		74,140		-
Total Assets	\$	36,384	\$	504,231	\$	37,064
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	54,504	\$	13,250
Due to other funds		36,384		285,353		-
Total Liabilities		36,384		339,857		13,250
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		-		74,440		-
Capital Projects		-		-		-
Child Nutrition program		-		89,934		-
Assigned						23,814
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>				164,374		23,814
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	36,384	\$	504,231	\$	37,064

Capital Facilities Fund		County School Facilities Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$ 1,386,629 822	\$	136	\$	1,768,164 122,962 74,140		
\$ 1,387,451	\$	136	\$	1,965,266		
\$ 39,865	\$	- -	\$	107,619 321,737		
39,865		_		429,356		
1,347,586		136 -		74,440 1,347,722 89,934 23,814		
1,347,586		136		1,535,910		
\$ 1,387,451	\$	136	\$	1,965,266		

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

REVENUES           Federal sources         291,676         122,435         -           Other state sources         291,676         122,435         -           Other local sources         29,146         714,214         157           Total Revenues         320,822         2,575,225         157           EXPENDITURES         Total Revenues		Deve	Child lopment Tund	Cafeteria Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund	
Other state sources         291,676         122,435         -           Other local sources         29,146         714,214         157           Total Revenues         320,822         2,575,225         157           EXPENDITURES         Use of the part of the							
Other local sources         29,146         714,214         157           Total Revenues         320,822         2,575,225         157           EXPENDITURES           Current         302,936         -         -           Instruction related activities:         36,136         -         -           Supervision of instruction         36,136         -         -           School site administration         32,366         -         -           School services         -         2,565,724         -           Food services         -         2,565,724         -           General administration:         -         135,353         -           Plant services         -         -         17,355           Facility acquisition and construction         -         -         -         -           Total Expenditures         371,438         2,701,077         17,355           Excess (deficiency) of         Revenues over (under) expenditures         (50,616)         (125,852)         (17,198)           Transfers in         50,616         -         -         -           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -         -           NET CHANGE IN FUND BAL	Federal sources	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Total Revenues         320,822         2,575,225         157           EXPENDITURES           Current         302,936         -         -           Instruction related activities:         302,936         -         -           Supervision of instruction         36,136         -         -           School site administration         32,366         -         -           Pupil services:         -         2,565,724         -           General administration:         -         2,565,724         -           All other general administration:         -         135,353         -           Plant services         -         -         17,355           Facility acquisition and construction         -         -         -         -           Total Expenditures         371,438         2,701,077         17,355           Excess (deficiency) of         -         -         -         -           Revenues over (under) expenditures         (50,616)         (125,852)         (17,198)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -         -           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -         - <td>Other state sources</td> <td></td> <td>291,676</td> <td></td> <td>122,435</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Other state sources		291,676		122,435		-
Current   Supervision of instruction   302,936   -   -   -	Other local sources				·		157
Current       302,936       -       -         Instruction related activities:       36,136       -       -         Supervision of instruction       36,136       -       -         School site administration       32,366       -       -         Pupil services:       -       2,565,724       -         Food services       -       2,565,724       -         General administration:       -       135,353       -         Plant services       -       -       17,355         Facility acquisition and construction       -       -       -       -         Total Expenditures       371,438       2,701,077       17,355         Excess (deficiency) of       -       -       -       -         Revenues over (under) expenditures       (50,616)       (125,852)       (17,198)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -         Net Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       -       (125,852)       (17,198)         Fund Balance - Beginning       -       290,226       41,012			320,822		2,575,225		157
Instruction       302,936       -       -         Instruction related activities:       36,136       -       -         Supervision of instruction       36,136       -       -         School site administration       32,366       -       -         Pupil services:       -       2,565,724       -         Food services       -       2,565,724       -         General administration:       -       135,353       -         Plant services       -       -       17,355         Facility acquisition and construction       -       -       -       -         Tacility acquisition and construction       -       -       -       -         Tackess (deficiency) of       -       -       -       -         Revenues over (under) expenditures       (50,616)       (125,852)       (17,198)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -         Net Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       -       (125,852)       (17,198)         Fund Balance - Beginning       -       290,226       41,012	EXPENDITURES						
Instruction related activities:   Supervision of instruction   36,136   -   -   -     School site administration   32,366   -   -   -     Pupil services:   Food services   -   2,565,724   -     General administration:   All other general administration   -   135,353   -     Plant services   -   -   17,355     Facility acquisition and construction   -   -   -   -     Total Expenditures   371,438   2,701,077   17,355     Excess (deficiency) of       Revenues over (under) expenditures   (50,616)   (125,852)   (17,198)     Other Financing Sources (Uses)   50,616   -   -     Net Financing Sources (Uses)   50,616   -   -     Net Financing Sources (Uses)   50,616   -   -     Net CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES   -   (125,852)   (17,198)     Fund Balance - Beginning   -   290,226   41,012	Current						
Supervision of instruction       36,136       -       -         School site administration       32,366       -       -         Pupil services:       -       2,565,724       -         Food services       -       2,565,724       -         General administration:       -       135,353       -         All other general administration       -       135,353       -         Plant services       -       -       -       17,355         Facility acquisition and construction       -       -       -       -       -         Total Expenditures       371,438       2,701,077       17,355         Excess (deficiency) of       -       371,438       2,701,077       17,355         Excess (deficiency) of       -       (50,616)       (125,852)       (17,198)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -       -         Net Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -       -         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       -       (125,852)       (17,198)         Fund Balance - Beginning       -       290,226       41,012	Instruction		302,936		-		-
School site administration       32,366       -       -         Pupil services:       -       2,565,724       -         Food services       -       2,565,724       -         General administration:       -       135,353       -         All other general administration       -       135,353       -         Plant services       -       -       -       17,355         Facility acquisition and construction       -       -       -       -         Total Expenditures       371,438       2,701,077       17,355         Excess (deficiency) of       -       -       -       -       -         Revenues over (under) expenditures       (50,616)       (125,852)       (17,198)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -       -         Net Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -       -         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       -       (125,852)       (17,198)         Fund Balance - Beginning       -       290,226       41,012	Instruction related activities:						
Pupil services:         Food services       -       2,565,724       -         General administration:       All other general administration       -       135,353       -         Plant services       -       -       17,355         Facility acquisition and construction       - </td <td>Supervision of instruction</td> <td></td> <td>36,136</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Supervision of instruction		36,136		-		-
Food services         -         2,565,724         -           General administration:         All other general administration         -         135,353         -         17,355           Plant services         -         -         -         17,355           Facility acquisition and construction         -	School site administration		32,366		-		-
General administration:       135,353       -         All other general administration       -       135,353       -         Plant services       -       -       17,355         Facility acquisition and construction       -       -       -         Total Expenditures       371,438       2,701,077       17,355         Excess (deficiency) of       Revenues over (under) expenditures       (50,616)       (125,852)       (17,198)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -       -         Net Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -       -         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       -       (125,852)       (17,198)         Fund Balance - Beginning       -       290,226       41,012	Pupil services:						
All other general administration - 135,353 - Plant services 17,355 Facility acquisition and construction	Food services		-		2,565,724		-
Plant services       -       -       17,355         Facility acquisition and construction       -       -       -       -         Total Expenditures       371,438       2,701,077       17,355         Excess (deficiency) of       Revenues over (under) expenditures       (50,616)       (125,852)       (17,198)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -       -         Net Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -       -         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       -       (125,852)       (17,198)         Fund Balance - Beginning       -       290,226       41,012	General administration:						
Facility acquisition and construction       -	All other general administration		-		135,353		-
Total Expenditures         371,438         2,701,077         17,355           Excess (deficiency) of         (50,616)         (125,852)         (17,198)           Revenues over (under) expenditures         (50,616)         (125,852)         (17,198)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         -         (125,852)         (17,198)           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         290,226         41,012	Plant services		-		-		17,355
Excess (deficiency) of       (50,616)       (125,852)       (17,198)         Revenues over (under) expenditures       (50,616)       (125,852)       (17,198)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       50,616       -       -         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       -       (125,852)       (17,198)         Fund Balance - Beginning       -       290,226       41,012	Facility acquisition and construction		-				
Revenues over (under) expenditures         (50,616)         (125,852)         (17,198)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -           Transfers in         50,616         -         -           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         -         (125,852)         (17,198)           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         290,226         41,012	Total Expenditures		371,438		2,701,077		17,355
Other Financing Sources (Uses)           Transfers in         50,616         -         -           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         -         (125,852)         (17,198)           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         290,226         41,012	Excess (deficiency) of						
Transfers in         50,616         -         -           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         -         (125,852)         (17,198)           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         290,226         41,012	Revenues over (under) expenditures		(50,616)		(125,852)		(17,198)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)         50,616         -         -           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         -         (125,852)         (17,198)           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         290,226         41,012	Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         -         (125,852)         (17,198)           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         290,226         41,012	Transfers in		50,616		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         -         (125,852)         (17,198)           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         290,226         41,012	<b>Net Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		50,616		_		-
			-		(125,852)		(17,198)
<b>Fund Balance - Ending</b> \$ - \$ 164,374 \$ 23,814	Fund Balance - Beginning				290,226		41,012
	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	164,374	\$	23,814

Capital Facilities Fund		County School Facilities Fund		al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	- \$	2	\$	1,738,576
Φ	- 4	-	φ	414,111
1,434,0	12	1		2,177,530
1,434,0		1		4,330,217
1,737,0	12	1		4,550,217
	_	_		302,936
				302,730
	_	_		36,136
	_	_		32,366
				,
	_	-		2,565,724
	-	-		135,353
217,8	55	-		235,210
1,313,1	39	-		1,313,139
1,530,9	94	-		4,620,864
				_
(96,9	82)	1		(290,647)
		-		50,616
		-		50,616
(96,9		1		(240,031)
1,444,5		135		1,775,941
\$ 1,347,5	86 \$	3 136	\$	1,535,910

# NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

	CFDA	
Description	Number	Amount
Federal revenues reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and		
Changes in Fund Balance:		\$ 4,040,551
Noncash Federal awards are not recorded on the financial statements.	10.565	77,895
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 4,118,446

### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

The District did not receive incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

## NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, to the audited financial statements.

### Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period.

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



## Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Sunnyvale School District Sunnyvale, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sunnyvale School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Sunnyvale School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2014. Our report included an emphasis of matter describing the District's implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Sunnyvale School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunnyvale School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunnyvale School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sunnyvale School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Palo Alto, California

Varrinek, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

December 1, 2014



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY *OMB CIRCULAR A-133*

Governing Board Sunnyvale School District Sunnyvale, California

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Sunnyvale School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effet on each of Sunnyvale School District's (the District) major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. Sunnyvale School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its Federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Sunnyvale School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sunnyvale School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Sunnyvale School District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Sunnyvale School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Sunnyvale School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Sunnyvale School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunnyvale School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Palo Alto, California

Varrinet, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

December 1, 2014



## Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Sunnyvale School District Sunnyvale, California

### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited Sunnyvale School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the *Standards and Procedures for Audit of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2013-2014* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Sunnyvale School District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2014.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its State's programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the Sunnyvale School District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2013-2014*. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sunnyvale School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Sunnyvale School District's compliance with those requirements.

### Unmodified Opinion on the State Programs Noted Below

In our opinion, Sunnyvale School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2014.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Sunnyvale School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures in Audit Guide	Procedures Performed
Attendance Accounting:		
Attendance Reporting	6	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	3	Yes
Independent Study	23	Yes
Continuation Education	10	Not Applicable
Instructional Time:		
School Districts	10	Yes
Instructional Materials:		
General Requirements	8	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	4	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	8	Not Applicable
Local Control Funding Formula Certification	1	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	3	No
After School Education and Safety Program:		
General Requirements	4	Yes
After School	5	Yes
Before School	6	Not Applicable
Education Protection Account Funds	1	Yes
Common Core Implementation Funds	3	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	3	Yes
Charter Schools:		
Contemporaneous Records of Attendance	8	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction	1	Not Applicable
Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	15	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction	3	Not Applicable
Annual Instruction Minutes Classroom-Based	4	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	1	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for the California Clean Energy Jobs Act because the District has not spent the fund as of June 30, 2014.

Varrinek, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

Palo Alto, California December 1, 2014 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial state	ements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major federal progra	ams:	
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies?		None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on complia	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are requ	aired to be reported in accordance with	
Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133	No	
Identification of major federal programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	een Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
STATE AWARDS		
Type of auditor's report issued on complia	ance for State programs:	Unmodified

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

None reported.

# FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

None reported.

# STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

None reported.

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Summarized below is the status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.

### Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

### Federal Awards Findings

None reported.

## State Awards Findings

2013-1 Code 40000

### Criteria

The purpose of the After School Education and Safety (ASES) program is to support student success in school by providing academic support and enrichment opportunities. An ASES after school program was never intended to be a drop-in or child care program. The legislature determined that regular attendance would serve as the measure for demonstrating compliance with the legislation's purpose (EDC §8483[a][1]), intent (EDC §8483[a][2]), and criteria for ongoing program funding (EDC §8483.7[a][1][A]).

Each site operating an After School Education and Safety (ASES) program is required to have sign-in and sign-out procedures, including early-release and late-arrival procedures, and to maintain documentation in order to support the reported attendance.

### Condition

A portion of reported students served resulted from attendance inconsistent with the ASES early release policy because the established policy is not consistently followed.

### **Ouestioned Costs**

The ASES base grant for the site in question is \$85,050. We noted discrepancies comprising 60% of sampled attendance at this site, resulting in projected questioned costs of \$51,030.

### Context

The above condition pertains to one of the District's seven ASES after school programs.

### Effect

Operating a program inconsistent from the intent can result in the district unable to provide a basis for future funding.

### Recommendation

We recommend that the ASES sites and District establish procedures to review the sign-in and signout documentation on a periodic basis and ensure that student are dismissed consistent with the established early release policy.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **Corrective Action Plan**

We have reviewed our Early Release Policy and have established a system of cross checking monthly sign in and out sheets to ensure that the early release codes used are accurate and reflect our adherence to the state guidelines for the ASES program. In addition, our ASES staff have undergone training to support their efforts in maintaining accurate documentation as related to attendance.

### Status

Implemented.

### 2013-2 Code 72000

### Criteria

State law requires schools to undergo annual facility inspections. The results of such inspections are reflected on the School Accountability Report Card (SARC) in accordance with EDC §33126(b). The Office of Public School Construction (OPSC) Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) or a locally developed instrument that meets the same legal requirements must be utilized during these inspections to determine if a school facility is in "good repair" and to rate the facility accordingly.

Certain provisions of the Williams settlement legislation apply to schools ranked in deciles 1-3 as determined every three years by the Base Academic Performance Index (API). EDC §1240(c)(2)(F) and (J) specifies that county superintendents must monitor decile 1-3 schools for: (1) sufficiency of instructional materials; (2) facilities deficiencies; (3) accuracy of data reported on SARC related to sufficiency of materials and facilities deficiencies; and (4) teacher misassignments and teacher vacancies.

### Condition

Two of the District's schools are ranked in deciles 1-3 and thus subject to external monitoring of facilities deficiencies. The external evaluator's facilities instruments are not reflected on the facilities portion of the 2012-13 SARC for the schools subject to monitoring. Instead, the District used its own internal inspections in compilation of the facilities portion of the SARC.

### **Ouestioned Costs**

There are no questioned costs associated with this condition because there is no funding directly related to school accountability report cards.

### Context

The above condition pertains to the 2012-13 SARC for each of the District's schools that are subject to monitoring under the Williams settlement.

### Effect

Failure to use the external evaluator's facilities inspection could result in identified facilities deficiencies not reflected on the SARC.

### Recommendation

Interdepartmental communication should ensure that information is shared across departments.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **Corrective Action Plan**

We have identified the cause for the miscommunication and have established a protocol that aligns the Williams' audit findings to our internal FIT findings. Henceforth the Williams' FIT findings will be incorporated into the annual SARC.

### Status

Implemented.